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MATHEMATICS 0580/42

Paper 4 (Extended) February/March 2021

2 hours 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 130.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

1

Painter

\$35 per hour

Plumber

Fixed charge \$40 plus \$26.50 per hour

Electrician

\$48 per hour for the first 2 hours then \$32 per hour

These are the rates charged by a painter, a plumber and an electrician who do some work for Mr Sharma.

(a) The painter works for 7 hours.

Calculate the amount Mr Sharma pays the painter.

\$.....[1]

(b) Mr Sharma pays the plumber \$252.

Calculate how many hours the plumber works.

...... hours [2]

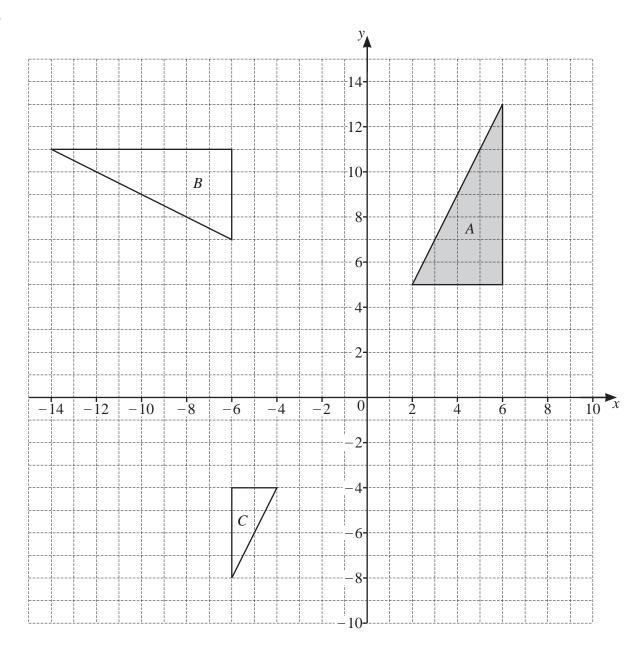
(c) Mr Sharma pays the electrician \$224.

Calculate how many hours the electrician works.

......hours [2]

(d) Write down the ratio of the amount Mr Sharma pays to the painter, the plumber and the electrician. Give your answer in its lowest terms.

painter: plumber: electrician =: [2]



- (a) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps
 - (i) triangle A onto triangle B,



(ii) triangle A onto triangle C.

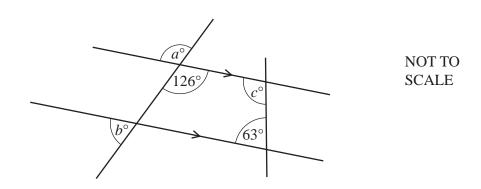


.....[3]

- **(b)** Draw the image of triangle *A* after a translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$. [2]
- (c) Draw the image of triangle A after a reflection in the line y = 4. [2]

Δ

3 (a)

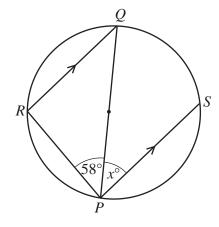


The diagram shows two straight lines intersecting two parallel lines.

Find the values of a, b and c.

a =	
<i>b</i> =	
c =	 [3

(b)

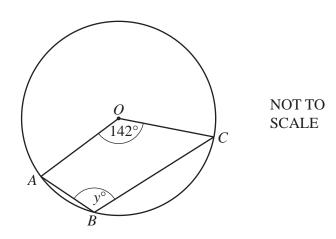


NOT TO SCALE

Points R and S lie on a circle with diameter PQ. RQ is parallel to PS. Angle $RPQ = 58^{\circ}$.

Find the value of x , giving a geometrical reason for each stage of your working.	
$x = \dots$	[3]

(c)



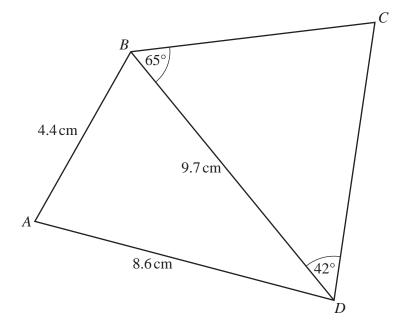
Points A, B and C lie on a circle, centre O. Angle $AOC = 142^{\circ}$.

Find the value of *y*.

$$y =$$
 [2]

(a)	28 p	nop gives each of 1000 people a voucher. beople use their voucher. shop now gives each of 16500 people a voucher.	
	Cal	culate how many of these 16500 people are expected to use their voucher.	
-			[1]
(b)		class activity, all the 15 students wear hats. udents wear red hats, 6 students wear green hats and 2 students wear white hats.	
	(i)	One of these students is picked at random.	
		Find the probability that this student wears a red hat.	
			[1]
	(ii)	Two of the 15 students are picked at random.	[-]
	, ,	Show that the probability that these two students wear hats of the same colour is $\frac{37}{105}$.	
			[3]
	(iii)	Three of the 15 students are picked at random.	[3]
	()	Find the probability that at least two of these three students wear red hats.	
			[4]

5



NOT TO SCALE

(a) Calculate angle *ADB*.

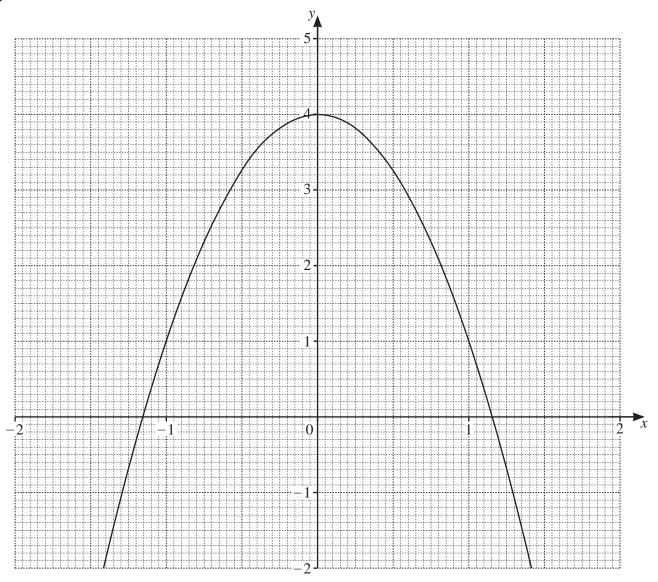
Angle
$$ADB = \dots$$
 [3]

(b) Calculate *DC*.

$$DC = \dots$$
 cm [4]

(c) Calculate the shortest distance from C to BD.

6



(a) The grid shows the graph of $y = a + bx^2$.

The graph passes through the points with coordinates (0, 4) and (1, 1).

(i) Find the value of a and the value of b.

 $a = \dots$

 $b = \dots [2]$

(ii)	Write down	the equation	of the tangent to	the graph at $(0, 4)$
(11)	WIIIC GOWII	the equation	or the tungent to	α

	F11
•••••	[I]

(iii) The equation of the tangent to the graph at
$$x = -1$$
 is $y = 6x + 7$.

Find the equation of the tangent to the graph at x = 1.

(b) The table shows some values for
$$y = 1 + \frac{5}{3-x}$$
 for $-2 \le x \le 1.5$.

x	-2	-1.5	-1	-0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5
у	2	2.11		2.43		3		4.33

(ii) On the grid, draw the graph of
$$y = 1 + \frac{5}{3-x}$$
 for $-2 \le x \le 1.5$. [4]

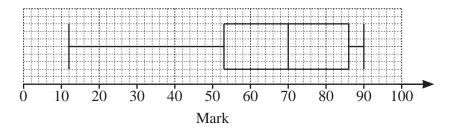
(c) (i) Write down the values of x where the two graphs intersect.

$$x = \dots$$
 or $x = \dots$ [2]

(ii) The answers to part(c)(i) are two solutions of a cubic equation in terms of x.

Find this equation in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$, where a, b, c and d are integers.

7 (a) The box-and-whisker plot shows information about the marks scored by some students in a test.



(i) Write down the median mark.

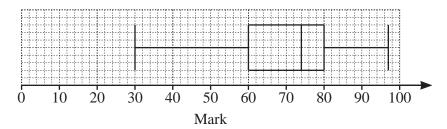
.....[1]

(ii) Work out the range.

-[1]
- (iii) Jais scored a mark in the test that was higher than the marks scored by 75% of the students.

Write down a possible mark for Jais. [1]

(iv) This box-and-whisker plot shows information about the marks scored by the same students in a second test.



Make one comparison between the distributions of marks in the two tests.

.....

.....[1]

(b) The table shows information about the height, $h \, \text{cm}$, of each of 50 plants.

Height (hcm)	$0 < h \le 20$	$20 < h \leqslant 30$	$30 < h \leqslant 34$	$34 < h \leqslant 40$	$40 < h \leqslant 60$
Frequency	4	9	20	15	2

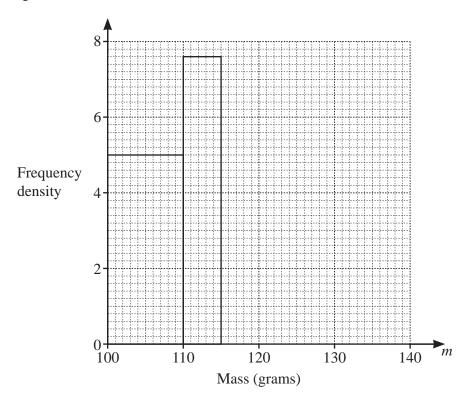
Calculate an estimate of the mean.

......cm [4]

(c) Some apples are weighed and the mass, *m* grams, of each apple is recorded. The table shows the results.

Mass (m grams)	$100 < m \leqslant 110$	110 < m ≤ 115	$115 < m \leqslant 125$	$125 < m \leqslant 140$
Frequency	50	x	44	51

The histogram shows some of the information from the table.



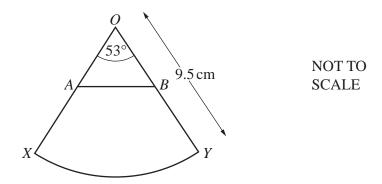
(i) Work out the value of x.

 $x = \dots$ [1]

(ii) Complete the histogram.

[2]

8 (a)



The diagram shows a sector OXY of a circle with centre O and radius 9.5 cm. The sector angle is 53° .

A lies on OX, B lies on OY and OA = OB.

(i) Show that the area of the sector is 41.7 cm², correct to 1 decimal place.

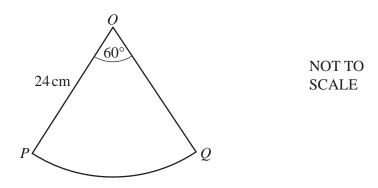
[2]

PMT

(ii) The area of triangle OAB is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the area of sector OXY. Calculate OA.

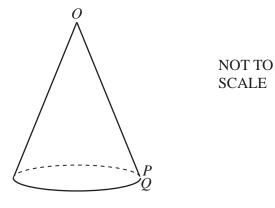
$$OA = \dots$$
 cm [4]

(b)



The diagram shows a sector OPQ of a circle with centre O and radius 24 cm. The sector angle is 60° .

A cone is made from this sector by joining OP to OQ.



Calculate the volume of the cone.

[The volume, V, of a cone with radius r and height h is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.]

..... cm³ [6]

9	(a)	Factorica
9 ((a)	Factorise.

(i) 5am + 10ap - bm - 2bp

.....[2]

(ii) $15(k+g)^2 - 20(k+g)$

.....[2]

(iii) $4x^2 - y^4$

.....[2]

(b) Expand and simplify.
$$(x-3)(x+1)(3x-4)$$

(c)
$$(x+a)^2 = x^2 + 22x + b$$

Find the value of a and the value of b.

$$a = \dots \qquad b = \dots \qquad [2]$$

10	(a)	A box is a cuboid with length 45 cm, width 30 cm and height The box is completely filled with 90.72 kg of sand.	42 cm.	
		Calculate the density of this sand in kg/m^3 . [Density = mass \div volume]		
			1 / 3	
	(b)	A bag contains 15000 cm ³ of sand. Some of this sand is used to completely fill a hole in the shap. The hole is 30 cm deep and has radius 10 cm.	kg/m ³ [see of a cylinder.	[3]
		Calculate the percentage of the sand from the bag that is used	1.	
			% [[3]
	(c)	Sand costs \$98.90 per tonne. This cost includes a tax of 15%.		
		Calculate the amount of tax paid per tonne of sand.		
			\$[[3]
	(d)	Raj buys some sand for 3540 rupees.	,	
		Calculate the cost in dollars when the exchange rate is $$1 = 7$	70.8 rupees.	
			\$[[2]

		17		
11	Gay	a spends \$48 to buy books that cost x each.		
	(a)	Write down an expression, in terms of x , for the number of	of books Gaya buys.	
			[1]
	(b)	Myra spends \$60 to buy books that cost $(x+2)$ each. Gaya buys 4 more books than Myra.		
		Show that $x^2 + 5x - 24 = 0$.		
			F.4	
	(c)	Solve by factorisation. $x^2 + 5x - 24 = 0$	[4	J
		x + 3x - 24 = 0		
			$x = \dots $ or $x = \dots $ [3]
	(d)	Find the number of books Myra buys.		

.....[1]

12	(a) Find the gradient of the curve $y = 2x^3 - 7x + 4$ when $x = -2$.								
						[3]			
	(b)	A is the point $(7, 2)$ and	and B is the point $(-5, 8)$.						
		(i) Calculate the len	gth of AB .						
						[3]			
		(ii) Find the equation	Find the equation of the line that is perpendicular t						
		the point $(-1, 3)$.	the point $(-1, 3)$. Give your answer in the form $y = mx + c$.						
				v =		[4]			
				J		۲.٦			

- (iii) AB is one side of the parallelogram ABCD and
 - $\overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -a \\ -b \end{pmatrix}$ where a > 0 and b > 0
 - the gradient of BC is 1
 - $|\overrightarrow{BC}| = \sqrt{8}$.

Find the coordinates of D.

()	[4]

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